

FULLY VACCINATED* → When should I quarantine or isolate?

I am experiencing symptoms of COVID-19 **OR** I have tested positive for COVID-19 **OR** I was in close, prolonged contact with someone who tested positive for COVID-19 within the past 14 days. **WHAT DO I DO?**

I HAVE SYMPTOMS

Symptoms include: fever or chills, cough, shortness of breath or difficulty breathing, fatigue, body aches, new loss or taste of smell, sore throat, congestion/ runny nose, headache, nausea/vomiting, or diarrhea

ISOLATE at home

Do not attend classes or other on-campus activities.
Contact your healthcare provider for **immediate testing**.

If you do not have a healthcare provider you can contact a COVID-19 testing site in your state.

YOU TEST POSITIVE

ISOLATE at home following guidance from physician and/or test results.

YOU TEST NEGATIVE

LEAVE ISOLATION but continue to monitor your symptoms for **14 days**. Continue following safety protocols when on campus.

I WAS IN CLOSE, PROLONGED CONTACT BUT HAVE NO SYMPTOMS

Close, prolonged contact means you were within 6 feet of an infected person for total of 15 minutes or more during a 24 hour period

GET TESTED 3 -5 days after exposure

If you continue to have no symptoms, you may continue attending classes and on-campus activities while following campus safety protocols

YOU TEST POSITIVE

ISOLATE at home following guidance from physician and/or test results.

YOU TEST NEGATIVE

Continue on-campus classes/activities and continue following campus safety protocols

***FULLY VACCINATED:** Vaccine recipients are "fully vaccinated" two weeks after they receive their second dose of the Moderna or Pfizer-BioNTech vaccine or two weeks after they receive the single-dose Johnson & Johnson (Janssen) vaccine.

ISOLATION: separates sick people with a contagious disease from people who are not sick.

QUARANTINE: separates and restricts the movement of people who were exposed to a contagious disease to see if they become sick. These people may have been exposed to a disease and do not know it, or they may have the disease but do not show symptoms.